



Wine-Profiling[™] 4.0

Fast, Reliable Authenticity & Quality Analysis

Fraud in the Wine Industry

While in recent years, wine consumption has decreased, consumers still perceive wine as a natural and authentic beverage. The trend is showing that while consumption is down, revenue is stable. Meaning that people are spending more for better quality wine. The main criteria among consumers in choosing a quality wine are the region, followed by the denomination of origin, and finally the grape variety, to the detriment of the wine grower. Therefore, the incentive to defraud wine and increase profit is high.

Unfortunately, the detection of fraudulent wine related to false DO declarations, regions or grape varieties has been very challenging due to a lack of analytical methods available. The consequences of wine fraud are devastating for the wine growers because they erode the consumers' confidence in DO, regions or grape varietals, leading to a plummet in sales. Bruker's Wine-Profiling solution is an innovative and powerful way to detect and prevent wine fraud.

List of parameters that are quantified in wine with Wine-Profiling™ 4.0

Higher Alcohols / Degradation Standard Parameters Amino Acids (Poly-)phenols Stabilizing Agents Fermentation Products Parameters Arabinose Acetic acid 4-aminobutanoic acid Caftaric acid Benzoic acid 1,3-propanediol Bread units* Acetoine Alanine Epicatechin Salicylic acid 2,3-butanediol Carbohydrate units* Cadaverine Arginine Gallic acid Sorbic acid 2-methyl-propanol Citric acid Ethylacetate Proline Shikimic acid Shikimic Acid 2-phenylethanol Energy value* Ethyllactate Trigonelline 3-methyl-butanol Ethanol Formic acid Acetaldehyde Ethanol-vol%* Fumaric acid Galacturonic acid Fructose Furfural Glycerol/Ethanol* Glucose Gluconic acid Methanol HMF Glucose/fructose* Glycerol

HMF Pyruvic acid

Total alcohol*

Total alcohol-vol%*

Total extract*

Sugar-free extract*
Tartaric acid

Lactic acid Malic acid Must weight* Sucrose

Total fermentable sugar*
Total sugar (bef. inv.)*

*Calculated values

Due to its unique "all-in-one" capabilities, high-resolution 1H-NMR (Nuclear Magnetic Resonance) spectroscopy, combined with multivariate statistical chemometrics, is a powerful tool for testing the authenticity and quality of wine.

Wine-Profiling can detect several hundred compounds in a wine sample simultaneously, which are used to characterize the wine through a comprehensive database of reference wines. The database is routinely updated with new variants for grape variety and geographical verification, providing a reliable, up-to-date, reference library.

Origins that can be verified with Wine-Profiling 4.0

Countries	Regions	Appellations*
France • •	Bordeaux Burgundy Languedoc-Roussillon Loire Valley Provence Rhone Valley	AOC Chablis
Italy •	South-West France Piedmont Puglia/Apulia Sicily Tuscany	DOCG Brunello di Montalcino DOC Valpolicella
Spain • • •		DO Navarra DO Rias Baixas DO Ribera Del Duero DO Ribera Del Guadiana DOCa Rioja DO Rueda DO Valencia
Austria 💮 🔾		
Germany • •		
Chile		

^{*}An appellation is a legally defined and protected geographical indication used to identify where the grapes for a wine were grown.

Grape varieties that can be checked in monovarietal wine



^{*} Pinot Blanc and Pinot Gris cannot be differentiated

With Wine-Profiling 4.0 You Can:

- Check origin consistency: country, region, appellation* (e.g. DO, AOC)
- Check grape variety consistency of monovarietal wines
- Check quality grade consistency of Spanish red wine
- Check vintage consistency of white wines from the three previous years
- Analyze composition of wine
- Detect atypical samples by comparison to reference wine samples
- Detect addition of water to wine

Advantages of Wine-Profiling 4.0:

- Comprehensive screening of authenticity in one method.
- Analysis takes 20 minutes
- Fully automated method, no NMR expertise is required.
- The comprehensive and robust database of reference wines covers many origins and grape varieties. It was developed in partnership with Winespin-Analytics, Eurofins Analytics France and Estación Enológica de Haro.
- ISO17025-18 accreditation. The Bruker BAS laboratory is accredited for Wine-Profiling 4.0, guaranteeing extensive validation of all the underlying tests.
- The method complies to the official OIV proton NMR (1H NMR) method for quantification of six key parameters in wine glucose, malic acid, acetic acid, fumaric acid, shikimic acid and sorbic acid included in the over 50 compounds that the Wine-Profiling 4.0 can quantify for quality control purpose.

Bruker's FoodScreener

- Wine-Profiling is a module of the FoodScreener[™] platform.
- The FoodScreener is also compatible with Juice and Honey-Profiling analysis modules.



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